D 51704	(Pages : 2)	Name
		Reg. No.

THIRD SEMESTER (CBCSS—UG) DEGREE EXAMINATION NOVEMBER 2023

Common Course [B.Sc. LRP (Alternate Pattern)]

A12—SENSORS AND TRANSDUCERS

(2019—2022 Admissions)

Time: Two Hours and a Half

Maximum: 80 Marks

Section A

Answer the following questions (1-15). Each question carries 2 marks.

- 1. Define a Transducer. Give an example.
- 2. What is the difference between passive and active transducers?
- 3. What is the effect of temperature changes on a strain gauge?
- 4. List the factors to be considered while selecting a transducer.
- 5. What is the working principle of capacitance transducer.
- 6. What are the advantages of potentiometers?
- 7. RTDs are commonly made of doped platinum. Why?
- 8. What are the different types of IR sensors?
- 9. Draw the resistance temperature graph of a thermistor.
- 10. What is LDR?
- 11. What is a pressure transducer? What is it used for?
- 12. What is the principle of operation of a photovoltaic cell?
- 13. What are the different types of level transducers?
- 14. How the flow nozzle can measure the flow?
- 15. State and explain Bernoulli's principle.

(Ceiling: 25 marks)

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Section B

Answer the following questions (16-23). Each question carries 5 marks.

- 16. Define non-linearity in sensors. Explain its effect on measurement.
- 17. What are the different parts of an inductance transducer? Explain with a diagram.
- 18. Explain the principle of operation of capacitive transducer based on change in distance between the plates. Derive the equation for sensitivity also.
- 19. Explain the working of a bonded strain gauge.
- 20. What are the different types of thermocouples based on the material? Explain.
- 21. Discuss the construction of photo-emissive cell.
- 22. Discuss the working of U-tube manometer.
- 23. Explain the flow measurement using rotameter.

(Ceiling: 35 marks)

Section C

Answer any **two** questions (24-27). Each question carries 10 marks

- 24. Explain the working and principle of operation of an LVDT. Also draw the plot showing variation in amplitude and phase of the output with displacement.
- 25. Explain the principle and working of the thermistor. What are the different types of thermistors? Give the applications of thermistor.
- 26. Explain the working of a capacitive level gauge. Explain the applications.
- 27. With a neat sketch, explain the construction and working of a venturi meter.

 $(2 \times 10 = 20 \text{ marks})$