D 31753

## (Pages : 2)

Reg. No.....

Name.....

# THIRD SEMESTER (CBCSS—UG) DEGREE EXAMINATION NOVEMBER 2022

Common Course for B.Sc. L.R.P. (Alternate Pattern)

### A 11-BASIC NUMERICAL METHODS

(2019 Admission onwards)

Time : Two Hours and a Half

Maximum : 80 Marks

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Part A

#### Answer all questions.

- 1. What is equation ?
- 2. What is meant by discriminant of the quadratic equation?
- 3. What is square matrix ?
- 4. What do you mean by Symmetric matrix ?
- 5. What is determinant?
- 6. What do you mean by Arithmetic Progression?
- 7. What is sequence ?
- 8. What is compound interest?
- 9. What is meant by perpetuity?
- 10. What do you mean by statistical average?
- 11. What is meant by mode?
- 12. State any two demerits of median.
- 13. Define mean deviation.
- 14. State any two advantages of standard deviation.
- 15. What is skewness?

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 $(15 \times 2 = 30, Maximum Ceiling 25 marks)$ 

#### Part B

Answer all questions.

- 16. Solve 13x + 25 4x 38 = 45 + x 18.
- 17. Solve the equation  $2x^2 + 3x 65 = 0$ .

Turn over

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18. Find the determinant of A =  $\begin{bmatrix} 2 & 4 & 3 \\ 4 & 0 & 7 \\ 8 & 5 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$ 

19. Find the 8<sup>th</sup> term of Arithmetic progression : 2, 5, 8......

20. Find the sum of first 10 terms of geometric progression 6, 18, 54.....

21. Calculate simple interest and amount at end of the 6th year for Rs. 10,000 at 8% per annum.

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22. Calculate Arithmetic mean from the following data :

Values	:	5	15	25	35	45 55 65	75
Frequency	:	2	3	5	7	6 4 3	1
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23. Find median of the values 5, 1, 3, 8, 16, 67, 9, 11

 $(8 \times 5 = 40, Maximum Ceiling 35 marks)$ 

#### Part C

Answer any two questions.

24. Solve the following equations by using matrix

4x + 2y = 142x + 3y = 13

25. Find compound interest for Rs. 25,000 for 5 years if interest is payable annually at 7% p.a.

26. Find the 10th term and 15th term of the geometric progression 3, 6, 12......

27. Calculate Standard Deviation and Coefficient of variation from the following data:

Marks	:	0-10	10-20 20-30	30-40	40-50
Frequency	:	1	3 5	7	9

 $(2 \times 10 = 20 \text{ marks})$