| $\mathbf{C}$ | 1 | 95 | 5 |
|--------------|---|----|---|
|              |   |    |   |

| (Pag | es : 3) | Name.          | *******  | •••• | 1 |
|------|---------|----------------|----------|------|---|
|      |         | And the second |          |      |   |
| ,    |         |                | 100      |      | • |
|      |         | Rog N          | <b>.</b> | . '  |   |

# FOURTH SEMESTER M.Com. DEGREE (REGULAR) EXAMINATION MARCH 2021

(CBCSS)

M.Com.

# MCM 4E (F) 04—ADVANCED STRATEGIC FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

(2019 Admissions)

Time: Three Hours

Maximum: 30 Weightage

## General Instructions

- 1. In cases where choices are provided, students can attend all questions in each section.
- 2. The minimum number of questions to be attended from the Section/Part shall remain the same.
- 3. There will be an overall ceiling for each Section/Part that is equivalent to the maximum weightage of the Section/Part.

#### Part A

Answer any four questions.

Each question carries 2 weightage.

- 1. What do you mean by IRR Method? And explain the decision rules of IRR.
- 2. What is EPS? And how it is calculated?
- 3. Compare Economic Value Added (EVA) and Market Value Added (MVA).
- 4. Describe the financial evaluation of Leasing.
- 5. Explain Merger Procedure of firms.
- 6. Explain Leverage effect on shareholders risk.
- 7. Differentiate Horizontal Merger and Vertical Merger.

 $(4 \times 2 = 8 \text{ weightage})$ 

#### Part B

Answer any four questions.

Each question carries 3 weightage.

8. Compare Net Present Value (NPV) and Internal Rate of Return Methods (IRR).

Turn over

- 9. Consider a firm that has existing assets in which it has capital invested of ₹ 100 crores. The after-tax operating income on assets-in-place is ₹ 15 crore. The return on capital employed of 15% is expected to be sustained to perpetuity, and company has a cost of capital of 10%. Estimate the present value of economic value added (EVA) of the firm from its assets-in-place.
- 10. What do you mean Takeover of a firm? And explain Take over Procedures of Firms.
- 11. The earnings per share of a company is ₹ 8 and the rate of capitalisation applicable is 10%. The company has before it an option of adopting (i) 50 %; and (ii) 75% dividend payout ratio.
  - Compute the market price of the company's quoted shares as per Walter's model if it can earn a return of (i) 15 %; (ii) 10 %; and (iii) 5 % on its retained earnings.
- 12. Z Ltd. has two projects under consideration A and B, each costing ₹ 60 lakhs. The projects are mutually exclusive. Life for project A is 4 years and project B is 3 years. Salvage value NIL for both the projects. Tax Rate 33.99%. Cost of Capital is 15%. Net Cash Inflow (in Lakhs):

| At the end of the year              | Project A | Project B | P.V. @ 15% |
|-------------------------------------|-----------|-----------|------------|
| o omegene timply from the metery is | 60        | 100       | 0.870      |
| a provincement of the market of the | 110       | 130       | 0.756      |
| 3                                   | 120       | 50        | 0.685      |
| 4                                   | 50        |           | 0.572      |

Calculate NPV.

ARRESTA

13. Explain the financial impact of Merger of two different organisations.

 $(4 \times 3 = 12 \text{ weightage})$ 

#### Part C

ang siyang mar Mangalan mar sasa darat

Answer any two questions.

Each question carries 5 weightage.

- 14. What is Dividend Policy? And explain the factors that influence the dividend policy of a Company.
- 15. A Ltd. is considering takeover of B Ltd. and C Ltd. The financial data for the three companies are as follows:

| Particulars                                      | A Ltd. | B Ltd. | C Ltd.  |
|--------------------------------------------------|--------|--------|---------|
| Equity Share Capital of Rs. 10 each (Rs. crores) | 450    | 180    | , ,90 , |
| Earnings (Rs. crores)                            | 90     | 18     | 18      |
| Market price of each share (Rs.)                 | 60     | 37     | 46      |

### Calculate:

- (i) Price earnings ratios.
- (ii) Earnings per share of A Ltd. after the acquisition of B Ltd. and C Ltd. separately. Will you recommend the merger of either/both of the companies? Justify your answer.
- 16. Company X is considering the purchase of company Y. The following are the financial data of the two companies:

|                          | Company X  | Company Y  |
|--------------------------|------------|------------|
| Number of Share          | ₹ 4,00,000 | ₹ 1,00,000 |
| Earnings per share (EPS) | ₹ 6        | ₹ 4.50     |
| Market value per share   | ₹ 30       | ₹ 20       |

Assuming that the management of the two companies has agreed to exchange shares in proportion to:

- (i) The relative earnings per share of the two firms;
- (ii) 4 share of company X for every 5 shares held in company Y.

You are required to illustrate and comment on the impact of merger on the impact of merger on the EPS.

17. Write a detailed critical note on Financial Leverage and Financial Decision.

 $(2 \times 5 = 10 \text{ weightage})$