$\mathbb{C}$	2		8	3
	4	Т		3

(Pages: 2)

Name			
	65	*	

Reg. No.....

# FOURTH SEMESTER (CUCBCSS-UG) DEGREE EXAMINATION APRIL 2021

Electronics

ELE 4C 04-MICROPROCESSORS

(2014 Admissions)

Time: Three Hours

Maximum: 64 Marks

### Part A

Answer all questions.

Each question carries 1 mark. 1. An instruction consists of an operation code and the address of the data, called on which the opcode operates. 2. While executing the PUSH\*A instruction, the stack pointer is decremented by --The addressing mode used in an instruction of the form ADD X, Y, is-4. Give an example for three byte instruction? 5. Let the content of register C be 00000000 before the instruction DCR C is executed. The content of register C after the after the execution of this instruction will be-6. Which interrupt has the highest priority? After an operation, if the result contains even number of 1's-flag will set. XCHG instruction exchanges the content of H-L with ———— register pair. machine architecture was the first to implement pipe-lining. 10. The 80286 processor with its 24-bit address bus is able to address 16 Mbytes of-

#### Part B

Answer all questions. Each question carries 2 marks.

- 11. Distinguish between compiler and interpreter?
- 12. Specify the function of address bus and the direction of the information flow on the address bus?
- 13. Give an example each for data transfer, arithmetic, logical and machine control instructions?

Turn over

 $(10 \times 1 = 10 \text{ marks})$ 

- 14. Define the terms T state and machine cycle?
- 15. Explain the PUSH and POP instructions of an 8085 microprocessor with example?
- 16. What are the various interrupts in 8085 microprocessor? Which is the highest priority interrupt?
- 17. What are the additional features of 80186 compared to 8086?

 $(7 \times 2 = 14 \text{ marks})$ 

## Part C

Answer any **five** questions. Each question carries 4 marks.

- 18. Explain the purpose of the following signals in 8085 (i) READY; (ii) AD0-AD7; (iii) HOLD; and (iv) IO/M?
- 19. Write a note on general purpose and special purpose registers in 8085 microprocessor?
- 20. With suitable example, explain any two addressing modes in 8085?
- 21. Write short notes on branching instructions available in 8085?
- 22. Draw the SIM instruction format and discuss?
- 23. Explain how stack is affected while calling a subroutine program?
- 24. List the important features of RISC and CISC processors?
- 25. Write differences between 8085 microprocessor and 8086 microprocessor. What are the registers of 8086 microprocessor?

 $(5 \times 4 = 20 \text{ marks})$ 

#### Part D

Answer any two questions.

Each question carries 10 marks.

- 26. Explain the internal architecture of 8085 Microprocessor?
- 27. What do you mean by timing diagram? Draw the timing diagram for the execution of the instruction MV1 A, 32 H, Opcode for MVIA is 3E H? (2 + 8 = 10 marks)
- 28. Describe with a suitable example the operation of stack in 8085?
- 29. Write a note on key elements of a super scalar processor organization? What are the general advantages and disadvantages of superscalar architecture? (7 + 3 = 10 marks)

 $[2 \times 10 = 20 \text{ marks}]$