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# FIRST SEMESTER M.Com. DEGREE (REGULAR/SUPPLEMENTARY) EXAMINATION, NOVEMBER 2020

(CBCSS)

M.Com.

MCM 1C 03—QUANTITATIVE TECHNIQUES FOR BUSINESS DECISIONS

(2019 Admissions)

Time: Three Hours

Maximum: 30 Weightage

### General Instructions

- 1. In cases where choices are provided, students can attend all questions in each section.
- 2. The minimum number of questions to be attended from the Section/Part shall remain the same.
- 3. There will be an overall ceiling for each Section/Part that is equivalent to the maximum weightage of the Section/Part.

#### Section A

Answer any **four** questions. Each question carries 2 weightage.

- 1. Define is Poisson Distribution?
- 2. Differentiate between Simple hypothesis and composite hypothesis.
- 3. What is ANOVA? Explain the Two-factor ANOVA.
- 4. Why Correlation is used? Explain partial correlation.
- 5. Compare SPSS with MS Excel.
- 6. What is Type II error? Explain.
- 7. Distinguish between parametric test and non-parametric test.

 $(4 \times 2 = 8 \text{ weightage})$ 

#### Section B

Answer any **four** questions. Each question carries 3 weightage.

- 8. What is SPSS and what are its usage? Explain data view and variable view in detail.
- 9. The school nurse thinks the average height of 7<sup>th</sup> graders has increased. The average height of a 7<sup>th</sup> grader five years ago was 145 cm with a standard deviation of 20 cm. She takes a random sample of 200 students and finds that the average height of her sample is 147 cm. Are 7<sup>th</sup> graders now taller than they were before? Conduct a single tailed hypothesis test using a .05 significance level to evaluate the null and alternative hypotheses.

Turn over

10. Use the sign test to see if there is a difference between the number of days required to collect an account receivable before and after a new collection policy. Use the 0.05 significance level.

Before : 33 36 41 32 39 47 34 29 32 34 40 42 33 36 27

After : 35 29 38 34 37 47 36 32 30 34 41 48 37 35 28

11. The following information is obtained concerning as investigation of ordinary shops of small size:

	Managada (argunian) dipina	many and a second secon	
	Shops		Total
	In towns	In villages	
Run by men	17	18	35
Run by wome		12	15
Total	20	30	50

Can it be inferred that shops run by women are relatively more in villages than in towns? Use  $\chi^2$  test.

- 12. A car hire firm has two cars, which it hires out day by day. The number of demands for a car on each day is distributed as a Poisson distribution with mean 1.5. calculate the proportion of days on which no car is used and the proportion of days on which some demand is refused.  $[e^{-1.5} = 0.2231]$
- 13. Define the role and significance of quantitative decision methods. Distinguish between the qualitative and quantitative approaches of decision making.
- 14. A random sample of 10 boys had the following I.Q.'s: 70, 120, 110, 101, 88, 83, 95, 98, 107, 100. Do these data support the assumption of a population mean I.Q. of 100? Find a reasonable range in which most of the mean I.Q. values of samples of 10 boys lie.

 $(4 \times 3 = 12 \text{ weightage})$ 

#### Section C

Answer any **two** questions.

Each question carries 5 weightage.

15. Ten competitors in a beauty contest are ranked by three judges in the following orders:

1 <sup>st</sup> judge	:	1	6	5	10	3 2	4	9	7	8
2 <sup>nd</sup> judge	:	3	5 1 1 12 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15	8	4	7 10	2	1	6	9
3 <sup>rd</sup> judge		· <b>6</b>	4	9	. 8	1 2	3	10	5	7

Use the correlation co-efficient to determine which pair of judges has the nearest approach to common taste in beauty.

# 16. Set up an analysis of variance table for the following two-way design results:

Per Acre	Production	Data	of Wheat	
 301500 a	Property and the second			

			Data of Triteat	115011
	Varieties of seeds	A	В	· C
۲	Varities of fertilizers			
	w distribution	6	5	
	X	7	5 .   <b>5</b>	<b>4</b> .
	<b>Y</b>	3	3	3
	<b>Z</b>	8	7	4

Also state whether variety differences are significant at 5% level. (All the figures are in metric tonnes)

## 17. Following is the distribution of students according to their height and weight:

		rusing uta		Weight in Ib	s .	
·	Heights in in	ches	90–100	100-110	110–120	120–130
**************************************	<b>50–</b> 55		4	7		9
	55–60		6	10	- <b>-</b>	
	60–65		6	10	10	4
repell desemble Test desire			-12050 <u>- 12050</u> -12050 <u>- 1</u> 2050 - 1	12	10	<b>.</b> 7
	65–70			8	6	3

### Calculate:

- i) The co-efficient of regression; and
- ii) Obtain the two regression equations.

 $(2 \times 5 = 10 \text{ weightage})$