(Pages	:	2)
--------	---	----

M	ame	 ****	 *****	 ******

Reg. No.....

EMESTER M.B.A. DEGREE EXAMINATION, JANUARY 2012

Paper 1.1—BUSINESS LAWS

(2009 Admissions)

lime : Three Hours

Maximum: 60 Marks

Part A

Answer the following. Each question carries 2 marks.

- 1. What is coercion?
- Give the meaning of partnership.
- Define goods.
- Who is a consumer?
 - What does "Bearer cheque"?

 $(5 \times 2 = 10 \text{ marks})$

Part B

Answer any four of the following. Each question carries 4 marks.

- 6. Mention any four differences between condition and warranty.
- 7. What are the rights of an unpaid seller?
- Define Article of Association and give its contents.
- Distinguish between merger and acquisitions.
- Mention various types of crossing of a cheque. 10.
- Explain the doctrine of "Caveat Emptor". 11.

 $(4 \times 4 = 16 \text{ marks})$

Part C

Answer any three of the following. Each question carries 7 marks.

- Discuss the rights and duties of a bailee. 12.
- Define contract of sale. What are its essentials? 13.
- What are the rights and liabilities of minor admitted into partnership firm?

Turn over

- 15. Discuss the salient features of Right to Information Act.
- 16. Explain the need for crossing. Mention the persons who may cross it.

 $(3 \times 7 = 21 \text{ marks})$

Part D

Dhruv asked Firoz, a retail chemist, for a hot water bottle. He was supplied with one. However, that bottle burst after a few discountries. that bottle burst after a few day's of use and injured Dhruv's wife Preeti. There was no doubt that the hot water bottle was not of merchantable quality.

Questions:

- Can Dhruv seek a refund for the burst hot water bottle?
- Can Preeti seek a refund for the hot water bottle?
- Can Preeti seek damages for the injury caused to her?
- Can Dhruv seek damages for the injury caused to Preeti?

 $(1 \times 13 = 13 \text{ marks})$