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Reg. No.....

# FIRST SEMESTER M.B.A. DEGREE EXAMINATION, JANUARY 2014

## BUS IC 07-MANAGERIAL ECONOMICS

(2013 Admissions)

Time: Three Hours

Maximum: 36 Weightage

#### PART A

### Answer the following. Each question carries 1 weightage

- 1. What is marginalism?
- 2. What is opportunity cost principle?
- 3. What is equimarginal concept?
- 4. Elucidate the law of variable proportion?
- 5. What are isocost lines?
- 6. What is depression?

 $(6 \times 1=6)$ 

#### PART B

### Answer any Six of the following. Each question carries 3 weightage

- /. Write a note on incremental concept in economics.
- 8. Enumerate the methods of demand forecasting and explain any two of them?
- 9. What is production isoquant? Briefly explain.
- 10. Write a note on imperfect competition with suitable examples.
- 11. Explain how production functions can be estimated?
- 12. Write a note on the merits and demerits of Mahalanobis model.
- 13. Explain the relevance of contra cyclical policies with examples.
- 14. Discuss in detail the Law of Diminishing Utility explaining Marginal Utility, illustration of the Law, assumptions of the Law and importance of the Law.

 $(6 \times 3 = 18)$ 

#### PART C

# Answer any two of the following. Each question carries 6 weightage

15. An organization has calculated the following elasticities for its product: own Price Elasticity of demand = -0.3, Advertising Elasticity of demand = 0.2, Cross Elasticity of demand = 0.1. What do these imply for pricing and Advertising Policy of the organization?

Turn over

- a. Identify the variables affecting the demand for any consumer good and formulate a demand function.
- b. Identify demand drivers for (i) Tractors (ii) Passenger cars.
- 16. Analyse the following markets for its market structure and characteristics:
  - a. Software industry
  - b. Softdrinks sector
  - c. Mobile phone market

17. The sales turnover and profit during two years were as follows:-

Year	Sales	Profit
	Rs.	. Rs.
2009	32, 00,000	6, 00,000
2010	36, 00,000	8, 00,000

You are required to calculate:

(i) Break-even point.

(ii) The sales required to earn a profit of Rs. 9, 00,000.

 $(2 \times 6 = 12)$