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Name..... Reg. No.....

SECOND SEMESTER M.B.A. DEGREE EXAMINATION, JULY 2022

(CUCSS)

M.B.A.

## BUS 2C 11-FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

Time : Three Hours

Maximum : 36 Weightage

#### Part A

Answer **all** questions. Each question carries 1 weightage.

- 1. Explain the concept of Time value of money.
- 2. Differentiate the hard and soft capital rationing.
- 3. What is NPV ? State the merits of NPV.
- 4. Mention the objectives of inventory management.
- 5. Distinguish between over capitalisation and under capitalisation.
- 6. Briefly explain the concept of financial engineering.

 $(6 \times 1 = 6 \text{ weightage})$ 

#### Part B

Answer any **four** questions. Each question carries 3 weightage.

- 7. Explain the role of finance manager in modern age.
- 8. X Ltd, presents the following capital structure data :

Source	Rs.
Ordinary shares (1000 shares)	50,000
10% Preference shares	20,000
12% Debentures	15,000
Total	85,000

The dividend payment of the company is @ of 5%. Further the company raises additional funds for replacement of assets of 14% debenture amounting 10,000. You are asked to find out weighted average cost of capital of existing as well as new capital structure.

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- 9. What are the practical considerations to be kept in mind at the time of shaping dividend policy?
- 10. A new firm is considering choice between the following alternative projects. As a financial manager, which project would you prefer and why ?

	Project 1	Project 2	
	Rs.	Rs.	
Down payment (Cash outflow)	4,00,000	1,60,000	
Present value of expected future	8,00,000	4,00,000	
Cash Inflows			
Profitability Index	2.0	2.5	

- 11. Both excess working capital and insufficient working capital are not good for a business house. Discuss.
- 12. Illustrate traditional approach of capital structure using the following information :

EBIT - 4,00,000

Equity capitalisation Rate :

10% - When employs no debt

11% - When employs  $8{,}00{,}000$  5% debentures

13% - When employs 12,00,000 6% debentures.

 $(4 \times 3 = 12 \text{ weightage})$ 

## Part C

# Answer any **three** questions. Each question carries 4 weightage.

- 13. Compare and contrast NI Approach and NOI Approach.
- 14. A pro forma cost sheet of a company provides the following particulars :

Elements of cost :

Raw materials	-	40%
Wages	-	10%
Overheads	-	30%

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The following further particulars are available :

- (1) Raw materials are to remain in stores on an average 5 weeks
- (2) Finished goods are expected to be in stock on an average 10 weeks
- (3) Processing time 4 weeks
- (4) Credit period allowed to debtors 8 weeks
- (5) Credit period allowed by creditors 6 weeks
- (6) Lag in payment of wages 2 weeks
- (7) Level of production 1,09,200 units
- (8) Selling price per unit 60

Prepare an estimate of working capital requirements assuming 10% margin for contingencies.

- 15. What is capital budgeting ? Explain various techniques of capital budgeting.
- 16. Navaratnam Ltd belongs to a risk class of which the capitalisation rate is 10%. It currently has 1,00,000 shares selling at 100 each. The company is thinking of declaring 6 per share as dividend at the end of the current year which has just begun. On the basis of MM model, answer to the following questions :
  - (a) What will be the price of the shares at the end of the year if a dividend is not declared ?
  - (b) What will be the price if dividend is declared ?
  - (c) Assuming that the firm pays dividend, has net income of 10 lakh and makes new investments of 20 lakh during the period, how many new shares must be issued ?
- 17. The average rate of dividend paid by X Ltd. for the last five years is 21%. The earnings of the company have recorded a growth rate of 3% per annum. The market value of the equity shares is estimated to be 105. Find out :
  - a) The cost of equity share capital.
  - b) Determine the estimated market price of the equity shares if the anticipated growth rate of the firm rises to 5%.
  - c) If the company's cost of capital is 20% and the anticipated growth rate is 5%, determine the market price of the share, assuming the same dividend per share.

 $(3 \times 4 = 12 \text{ weightage})$ 

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#### Part D (Compulsory)

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It carries 6 weightage.

18. Grund corporation's capital structure consists of the following :

	Rs.
Equity share of 100 each	10,00,000
Retained earnings	5,00,000
9% preference shares	6,00,000
7% debentures	4,00,000
Total	25,00,000

The company earns 12% on its capital. The company is in 50% tax bracket. The company requires 12,50,000 for the expansion programme for which the following three alternatives are available.

- (i) Issue of 10,000 equity shares at a premium of 25/share.
- (ii) Issue of 10% preference shares.
- (iii) Issue of 8% debentures.

Which of the three financing alternative would you recommend ? Why ?

 $(1 \times 6 = 6 \text{ weightage})$