~	0	A	1	0	E
C	O	V	v	O	O

(Pages: 3)

MI	
Name	

Reg. No.....

SIXTH SEMESTER B.Com./B.B.A. DEGREE EXAMINATION, MARCH 2020

(CUCBCSS—UG)

B.B.A.

BBA VIB 13—ORGANIZATIONAL BEHAVIOUR

(2015 Admissions)

Time: Three Hours

Maximum: 80 Marks

Part I

		Answer	r all qu	estions.		
		Each quest	ion car	ries 1 mark.		
1.	Organi	zation Behaviour is not a/an :	10.00	and the second commence of the second of the		
	(a)	A separate field of study.	(b)	Applied science.		
	(c)	Normative science.	(d)	Pessimistic approach.		
2.		nique to bring changes in the e	ntire o	rganization, rather than focusing attention on		
	(a)	Organizational development.	(b)	Organizational change.		
	(c)	Organisational culture.	(d)	Organizational conflicts.		
3.	In which stage of the conflict process does conflict become visible?					
	(a)	Illumination.	(b)	Intentions.		
	(c)	Behaviour.	(d)	Cognition.		
4.	Which	behavioural science discipline is a	most foo	cused on understanding individual behaviour?		
	(a)	Sociology.	(b)	Social psychology.		
	(c)	Psychology.	(d)	Anthropology.		
5.	Which	of the following is not an attribut	e of psy	vchological individual difference ?		
	(a)	Motivation.	(b)	Learning.		
	(c)	Personality.	(d)	Complexion.		
5.	(a)	Motivation.	(b)	Learning.		

Turn over

In Maslow's Need hierarchy — needs are shown between Esteem needs and Safety needs.
 — propounded X and Y theory of motivation.
 In — leadership, there is a complete centralization of authority in the leader.
 Organisational behaviour is the study of — in the organisation.
 Thematic Apperception Test (TAT) is designed to understand — of individual.

 $(10 \times 1 = 10 \text{ marks})$

Part II (Short Answer Questions)

Answer any eight questions. Each question carries 2 marks.

- 11. What is perception?
- 12. What do you mean by formal group?
- 13. Define group cohesiveness.
- 14. What is learning?
- 15. What is leadership?
- 16. What is informal group?
- 17. What is personality?
- 18. What is motivation?
- 19. What do you mean by functional group?
- 20. What is an organisation?

 $(8 \times 2 = 16 \text{ marks})$

Part III (Short Essays)

Answer any six questions.

Each question carries 4 marks.

- 21. Discuss the scope and importance of organisational behaviour.
- 22. What are the features of motivation?
- 23. What are the types of group norms?
- 24. What are the features of leadership?

- 25. What are the qualities of successful leader?
- 26. What are the benefits of organisational development programmes?
- 27. What are the advantages of group cohesiveness?
- 28. Explain the importance of a group.

 $(6 \times 4 = 24 \text{ marks})$

Part IV (Long Essays)

Answer any two questions.

Each question carries 15 marks.

- 29. Explain the stages of development of group.
- 30. Explain the McGregor Theory X and Theory Y.
- 31. "Money holds the key to work motivation in modern business organisation." Discuss the financial and non-financial motivators.

 $(2 \times 15 = 30 \text{ marks})$

