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## FIFTH SEMESTER B.A. DEGREE EXAMINATION, NOVEMBER 2019

(CUCBCSS—UG)

English

ENG 5B 02/DMENG 5B 02	2—LANGUAGE AND LINGUISTICS
Time: Three Hours	Maximum: 80 Marks
I. Answer all the following questions:	
1 The theory which is based on the as innate in man:	sumption that language originated in the sense of rhythm
(a) Ding Dong theory.	(b) The Bow-vow theory.
(c) The Pooh-pooh theory.	(d) The Gesture theory.
2 Human language is structured at the words. This property of language is	he levels of phonemes and morphemes and at the level of called ————.
(a) Duality of structure.	(b) Recursiveness.
(c) Displacement.	(d) Transference.
3 Who introduced in linguistics the co	oncept of Langue and Parole?
(a) Charles Sanders Pierce.	(b) Ferdinand de Saussure.
(c) Noam Chomsky.	(d) Edward Sapir.
4 A collection of similar Idiolect make	up,
(a) Dialect.	(b) Idiolect.
(c) Register.	(d) Slang.
5 The older term used to designate th	e study of languages is ———.
(a) Philology.	(b) Haplology.
(c) Phonology.	(d) Semiology.
6 — is a unit of speech which	is at a level higher than the speech sound or phoneme.
(a) Syllable.	(b) Stress.
(c) Intonation.	(d) Pitch.

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are articulated by raising the back of the tongue towards the soft palate.

Ś	1149	(a)	Post-alveolar.	(b)	Palate-alveolar.
	1	(c)	Palatal.	(d)	Velar.
	8	1	of the following patterns of into nents?	nation	is used in declarative sentences uttered as ordinary
	4. 58 4. 58	(a)	The falling.	(b)	The rising.
		(c)	The fall-rise.	(d)	None of the above.
Sulvers C	9	"Smol	ring is a bad habit": Identify th	ne cate	gory to which "smoking" belongs:
		(a)	Adjective.	(b)	Noun.
		(c)	Gerund.	(d)	Adverb.
	10	Words	s such as 'smog' and 'motel' are	instar	ices of——•
iskijai iu		(a)	Compounding.	(b)	Portmanteau.
		(c)	Derivation.	(d)	Backformation.
	. :				$(10 \times 1 = 10 \text{ marks})$
II.	Ans	wer an	y ten of the following question	s in tw	o $or$ three sentences :
•	11	What	is meant by 'the arbitrariness'	of lan	guage?
	12	Distin	guish between the signifier an	d the s	signified.
٠.	13	What	is Neuro-linguistics.		
	14	Which	n kind of air-stream forms the l	asis of	most speech sounds?
	15	Which	are the three branches of pho	netics	?
	16	What	are allophones? Give example	s.	
÷	17	What	are minimal pairs?		
•	18	Junet	ure.		
	19	Bilabi	al.	N 1	
	20	Post-A	Alveolar.		
	21	What	is clipping?		
	22	He wa	as ill, but he attended the class	es. (Cl	nange into a simple sentence).
1 1 T.					$(10 \times 2 = 20 \text{ marks})$

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TTT	Answer any four of the	following questions	$\mathbf{m} a$	paragrapu	OLITON	MOLUS	•
111.	Answer any tout of the	TOTTO HITTE deconsor		X			

- 23 How are diphthongs in English classified?
- 24 Standard English.
- 25 Air Stream Mechanism and the organs of speech.
- 26 Branches of linguistics.
- 27 Mark Stress:
  - (a) Forgive.

(b) Anywhere.

(c) Recorder.

- (d) Controversy.
- 28 Distinguish between the synchronic and diachronic approach to language study.

 $(4 \times 5 = 20 \text{ marks})$ 

## IV. Answer any two of the following questions in 300 words:

- 29 What makes human language different from animal language?
- 30 Write an essay on the basic assumptions of modern linguistics.
- 31 Describe the pure vowels of English RP.
- 32 Write an essay on the different methods of word formation in English.

 $(2 \times 15 = 30 \text{ marks})$ 

